

# EasyPrep Virus DNA/RNA Kit

For simultaneous purification of viral RNA and DNA from plasma, serum, and cell-free body fluids



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### Introduction

EasyPrep Virus DNA/RNA Kit provides a fast, simple, and cost-effective viral DNA/RNA miniprep method, and it is suitable for viral RNA and DNA from plasma, serum, and cell-free body fluids. This product uses silica membrane technology and thus avoids the cumbersome steps associated with loose resins or slurries. Viral DNA/RNA purified with the EasyPrep Virus DNA/RNA Kit is immediately ready for use. Phenol extraction and ethanol precipitation are not required. The purified DNA/RNA is ready for use in downstream applications such as enzymatic reactions, RT–PCR, and Southern blotting.

#### Important Note:

- 1. All protocol steps should be carried out at room temperature (15–25  $^{\circ}$ C).
- 2. Equilibrate the samples to room temperature.
- 3. RNase-free microcentrifuge tubes (1.5 mL) are used in step 13. Others are not supplied.

#### Preparation of Carrier RNA solutions

- Buffer GBD is supplied as a concentrate. Before using for the first time, add 17 mL ethanol (96%–100%), to obtain a working solution.
- 2. Add 310  $\mu$ L of RNase-free ddH<sub>2</sub>O to the tube containing 310  $\mu$ g of lyophilized carrier RNA to obtain a solution of 1  $\mu$ g/ $\mu$ L. Dissolve the carrier RNA thoroughly, divide it into conveniently sized aliquots, and store it at -20 °C. Do not freeze-thaw the aliquots of carrier RNA more than three times.
- 3. Carrier RNA cannot be dissolved in Buffer GBB directly. It must first be dissolved in RNase-free ddH<sub>2</sub>O and then added to Buffer GBB.
- 4. Carrier RNA working solution: Calculate the volume of Buffer GBB/Carrier RNA mix required per batch of samples by selecting the number of samples to be simultaneously processed from Table 1.

Note: For larger numbers of samples, volumes can be calculated using the following sample calculation.

 $n \times 0.22 mL = y mL$ 

 $y\ mL \times 28\ \mu L/mL = z\ \mu L$ 

- n = number of samples to be processed simultaneously
- y = calculated volume of Buffer GBB
- z = volume of carrier RNA/RNase-free ddH<sub>2</sub>O to add to Buffer GBB

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| No. Sample | Vol. Buffer GBB (mL) | Vol. Carrier RNA/ RNase-free ddH2O (µL) |
|------------|----------------------|---|
| 1          | 0.22                 | 6.2                                     |
| 2          | 0.44                 | 12.3                                    |
| 3          | 0.66                 | 18.5                                    |
| 4          | 0.88                 | 24.6                                    |
| 5          | 1.10                 | 30.8                                    |
| 6          | 1.32                 | 37.0                                    |
| 7          | 1.54                 | 43.1                                    |
| 8          | 1.76                 | 49.3                                    |
| 9          | 1.98                 | 55.4                                    |
| 10         | 2.20                 | 61.6                                    |
| 11         | 2.42                 | 67.8                                    |
| 12         | 2.64                 | 73.9                                    |
| 13         | 2.86                 | 80.1                                    |
| 14         | 3.08                 | 86.3                                    |
| 15         | 3.30                 | 92.4                                    |
| 16         | 3.52                 | 98.6                                    |
| 17         | 3.74                 | 104.7                                   |
| 18         | 3.96                 | 110.9                                   |
| 19         | 4.18                 | 117.0                                   |
| 20         | 4.40                 | 123.2                                   |
| 21         | 4.62                 | 129.4                                   |
| 22         | 4.84                 | 135.5                                   |
| 23         | 5.06                 | 141.7                                   |
| 24         | 5.28                 | 147.8                                   |

| Table 1 Volumes of Buffer GBB and Carrier RNA/RNase-free ddH <sub>2</sub> O M1x required for the Procedure |
|--|
|--|

Note: Mix Buffer GBB with carrier RNA solution upside down. Do not vortex to avoid bubbling.

## **Kit Contents**

| Contents                                 | DPT-BC15 (50 preps) |
|--|---------------------|
| Buffer GBB                               | 15 mL               |
| Buffer GBD                               | 13 mL               |
| Buffer RBW                               | 15 mL               |
| RNase-free ddH2O (Bottled)               | 15 mL               |
| Proteinase K                             | 1 mL                |
| Carrier RNA                              | 310 µg              |
| RNase-free ddH2O (Tubular)               | 1 mL                |
| RNase-free Spin Columns CR2              | 50                  |
| RNase-free Microcentrifuge Tubes (1.5ml) | 50                  |

#### Storage

- 1. All buffers should be stored at room temperature (15–25  $^{\circ}$ C).
- Lyophilized carrier RNA can be stored at room temperature (15–25 °C) until the expiration date shown on the kit box. Carrier RNA should be dissolved in RNase-free ddH<sub>2</sub>O and stored at -20 °C. Dissolved carrier RNA should be added to Buffer GBB as described. This solution should be prepared fresh and is stable at 2–8 °C for up to 48 h.

## Protocol

- 1. Pipette 20 µL proteinase K into a clean 1.5-mL microcentrifuge tube (not provided).
- 2. Add 200  $\mu$ L of plasma or serum to the microcentrifuge tube (equilibrate the samples to room temperature.).

Note: If the sample volume is  $<200 \ \mu$ L, add the appropriate volume of 0.9% sodium chloride solution to bring the volume of protease and sample to 220  $\mu$ L.

3. Add 200 µL of Buffer GBB (containing 28 µg/mL Carrier RNA).

Close the cap and mix through pulse-vortexing for 15 sec.

Note: To ensure efficient lysis, it is essential that the sample and Buffer GBB are mixed thoroughly to yield a homogeneous solution..

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- 4. Incubate at 56 °C for 15 min in a heating block. Briefly centrifuge the 1.5-mL tube to remove drops from the inside of the lid.
- 5. Add 250  $\mu$ L of ethanol (96%–100%) to the sample (precipitates may be visible after adding ethanol), close the cap, and mix thoroughly through pulse-vortexing for 15 sec. Incubate the lysate with ethanol for 5 min at room temperature (15–25 °C).

Note: Cool ethanol (96%–100%) on ice before use if the room temperature is >25 °C.

- 6. Briefly centrifuge the 1.5-mL microcentrifuge tube to remove drops from the inside of the lid.
- Carefully transfer the lysate, including any precipitate that may have formed, onto the RNase-free Spin Columns CR2 in a 2-mL RNase-free Collection Tube without wetting the rim. Close the cap and centrifuge at 8,000 rpm (~6,000 ×g) for 1 min. Discard the filtrate; place the spin column in the same Collection Tube.

Note: If the lysate has not completely passed through RNase-free Spin Column CR2 after centrifugation, centrifuge again at higher speed until the spin column is empty.

- Carefully open RNase-free Spin Column CR2, and add 500 μL of Buffer GBD (Ensure that ethanol (96%–100%) has been added into Buffer GBD before use) without wetting the rim. Close the cap and centrifuge at 8,000 rpm (~6,000 ×g) for 1 min. Discard the filtrate and place the spin column in the same Collection Tube.
- 9. Carefully open the RNase-free Spin Columns CR2, and add 600 μL of Buffer RBW (Ensure that ethanol (96%–100%) has been added into Buffer RBW before use) without wetting the rim. Close the cap, let it stand still for 2 min, and centrifuge at 8,000 rpm (~6,000 ×g) for 1 min. Discard the filtrate, and place the spin column in the same Collection Tube.
- 10. Repeat step 9.
- 11. Carefully open the RNase-free Spin Column CR2 and add 500 µL of ethanol (96%–100%) without wetting the rim. Close the cap and centrifuge at 8,000 rpm (~6,000 ×g) for 1 min. Discard the filtrate.
  Note: Ethanol carries over into the elute may cause problems in downstream applications.
- 12. Place RNase-free Spin Column CR2 in the same Collection Tube. Centrifuge at full speed 12,000 rpm (~13,400 ×g) for 3 min to dry the membrane completely.
- 13. Place RNase-free Spin Columns CR2 in a clean 1.5-mL RNase-free microcentrifuge tube, and discard the Collection Tube with the filtrate. Carefully open the lid of the spin column, and apply 20–150 μL of RNase-free ddH<sub>2</sub>O to the center of the membrane. Close the lid, and incubate at room temperature (15–25 °C) for 5 min. Centrifuge at full speed (12,000 rpm; ~13,400 ×g) for 1 min.

Note: Ensure that the elution buffer is equilibrated to room temperature (15–25 °C). If elution is performed in small volumes (<50  $\mu$ L), the elution buffer must be dispensed onto the center of the membrane for complete elution of bound RNA and DNA.

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